



### What should I already know?

St Julie Primary School is in Eccleston.



St Julie's School, Eccleston St Helens.

## Why are green spaces important to Eccleston?



Taylor Park, Eccleston, St Helens.

### Sticky Knowledge

- St Helens is in the North West of England.
- The local area of our school is **Eccleston**, St Helens.
- **Eccleston** is a **residential** area.
- There is **farmland** at the edge of Eccleston.
- A **green space** is an area of grass or woodland, that is open for people.
- People can go to **green spaces** to enjoy themselves, exercise or relax.
- It is important to protect our **green spaces**.



### Geography Skills

I can recognise Taylor Park and other green spaces on a map of Eccleston.  
I can explain what a green space is and why they are important.

Vocabulary	
Eccleston	A residential area of St Helens.
residential	A place that people live. A location where there are lots of houses.
park	A large open area with grass and trees, a place where people can relax and enjoy themselves.
farmland	Land owned by a farmer which is used for growing crops or grazing animals.
green space	An area of grass or trees in an urban area that are used for leisure activities.

What should I already know?

Eccleston is a residential area of St Helens.  
The equator is the warmest part of the Earth.



Eccleston is in St. Helens, England, Europe

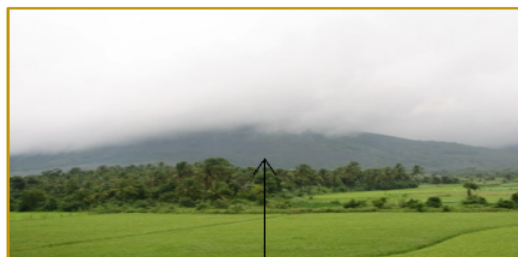
## Where do we live and how does it compare to Chembakolli?



Chembakolli Village is in India, Asia

Sticky Knowledge

- The 7 continents are: Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, and Australia
- The 5 oceans are: The Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic and Southern Ocean.
- Eccleston is a residential area of the town of St Helens, England, UK.
- Chembakolli is a village near the town of Gudalur, India, Asia.
- The rooves of houses in Eccleston are usually made of tiles.
- The rooves of houses in Chembakolli can be made of thatch, metal, concrete or tiles.
- Adivasi's spend lots of their time outside their home on the verandah, where families and friends come together.
- Chembakolli is near the equator and has a tropical climate. This means it is hot and humid for most of the year, there can be lots of rain, hot days and warm nights.



The village of Chembakolli is located near the valley and forest with the Nilgiri Hills in the distance.

Key Vocabulary

continent	A large area of land on Earth that is joined together and may be lots of countries.
ocean	A large area of water between continents. Oceans join smaller seas.
forest	a large area of land covered with many trees and other plants.
valley	a long area of low land between mountains or hills
tropical	The temperature is warm throughout the year because of the location near the equator.
monsoon	A seasonal wind bringing lots of rain. The wet season.
drought	A time of dry weather leading to a shortage of water. The dry season.

Geography Skills

I can identify the 7 continents and 5 oceans on a map or globe.  
I can compare geographical similarities and differences between Eccleston and Chembakolli.



What should I already know?

The local area of our school is Ecclestone, St Helens.

There are 5 oceans, The Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Arctic and Southern Ocean.

Sticky Knowledge

The 4 countries of the United Kingdom are **England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.**

The seas surrounding the UK are **North Sea, English Channel, Irish Sea.**

The United Kingdom is made up of 2 main islands and many smaller islands.

Physical features of the coast are **sand, pebbles, cliffs, dunes, rocks, caves, rockpool.**

Human features of the coast can be a **pier, lighthouse, beach huts, shops, hotels, fairground, port, harbour.**

St Ives is seaside town in the **South -West** of England.

Southport is a seaside town in the **North-West** of England.

**What would we find around the coastline of The British Isles?**



beach



Harbour



The White Cliffs of Dover



Port

	Key Vocabulary
beach	A pebbly or sandy shore next to the sea.
cliff	A steep rock edge near the sea.
coast	Where the land meets the sea.
island	A piece of land that is surrounded by water.
harbour	A sheltered place on the coast, where boats can stop.
port	A town or city with a harbour where ships load and unload.

Geography Skills

I can recognise and describe physical and human features of seaside towns.

I can identify and compare the features of a harbour and a port.